

# Yes, It Can (Theoretically) Run Doom — Magic: The Gathering is Turing Complete

Max Orchard

October 27, 2023

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- While this talk would probably suit UQCS better, I claim it's a Maths Talk because MATH3306 (which I have never taken) discusses Turing machines

# What is Magic: The Gathering?

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Formally, it is a two-player zero-sum stochastic game with imperfect information.

Players build decks of at least 60 cards (out of a total of more than 27000 distinct cards), and play against opponents who have their own unique deck.

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While MTG is normally about summoning creatures and casting spells in fantasy combat, we will instead be studying the computational complexity of MTG by building an in-game computer\* with a tournament-regulation deck.

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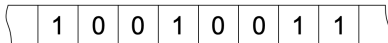
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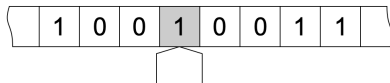
- 1 A *tape*, consisting of a sequence of discrete *cells*. Each cell contains a symbol from some finite alphabet, and the tape extends indefinitely to the left and right.



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A *Turing machine* is a simplistic abstract model of computation. It consists of four main components:

- 2 A *head* that is positioned over some cell (the *current cell*). It can read a symbol from and write a symbol to that cell.

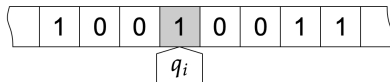




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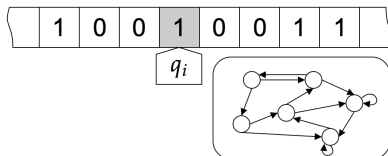
- 3 A *state register* that stores the current “state” (of finitely many) that the Turing machine is in.



# What is a Turing machine?

A *Turing machine* is a simplistic abstract model of computation. It consists of four main components:

- ④ A (finite) *state table* that, given the current state and current cell, will cause the Turing machine to do, in sequence (potentially skipping some steps):
  - ① write a symbol to the current cell
  - ② move the head left or right one cell
  - ③ change the current state



# Why Turing machines?

Though conceptually simple, a Turing machine is capable of executing any program a real computer can execute. In fact, a Turing machine's indefinite memory makes it very powerful!

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## Example of a Turing Machine

Consider the set of states  $\{A, B, C, \text{HALT}\}$ , and the state table given by

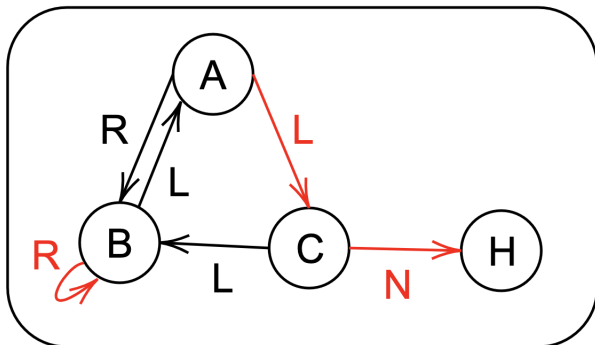
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Current Cell		0	1
Current State A	write	1	1
	move	R	L
	state	B	C
Current State B	write	1	1
	move	L	R
	state	A	B
Current State C	write	1	1
	move	L	N
	state	B	HALT

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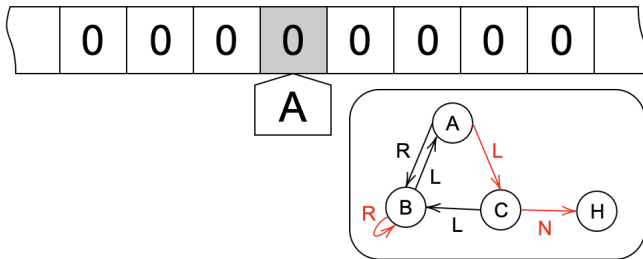


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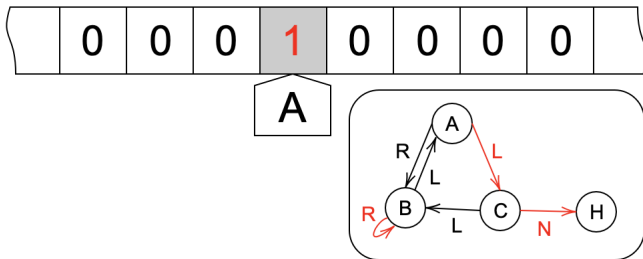
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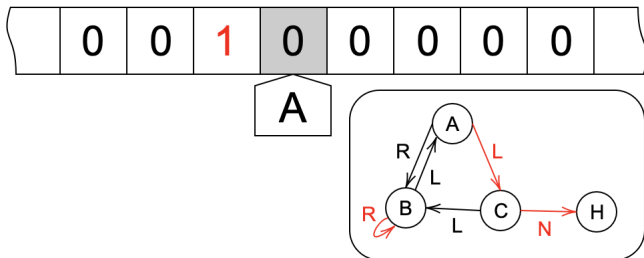
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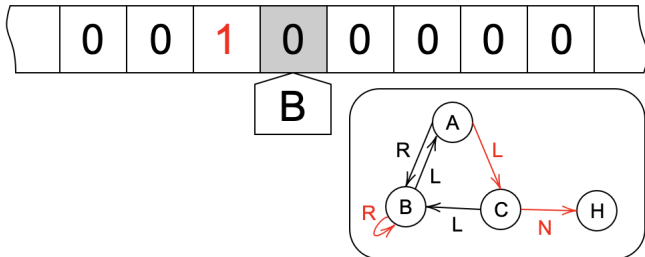
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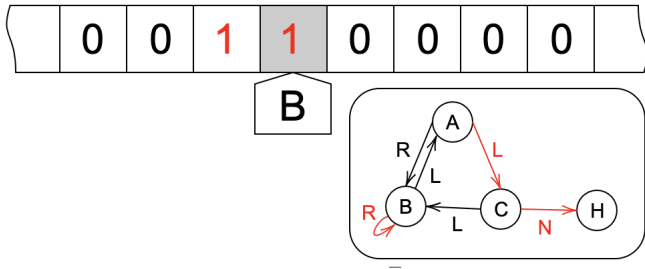
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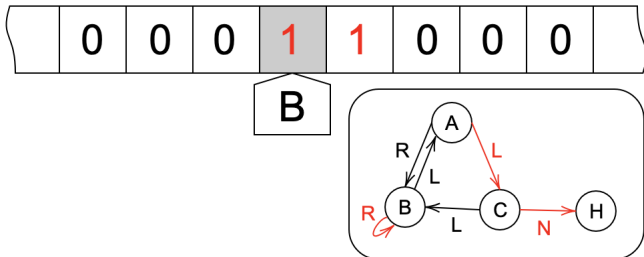
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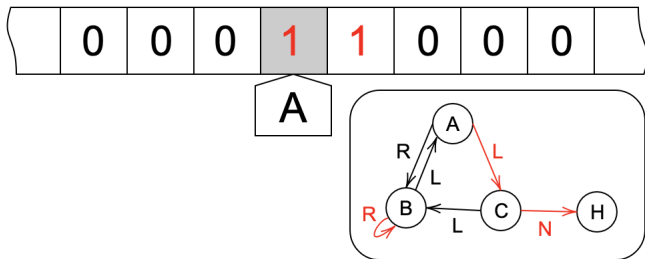
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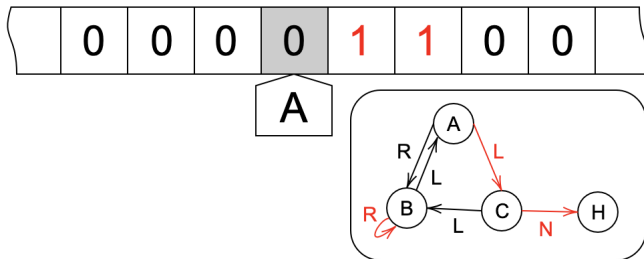
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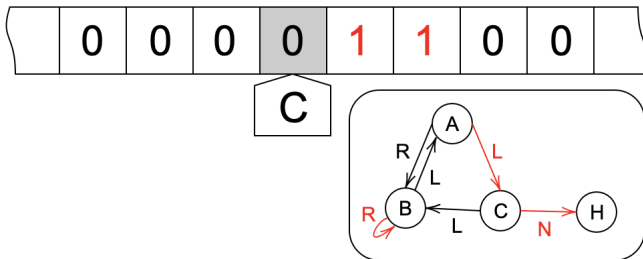
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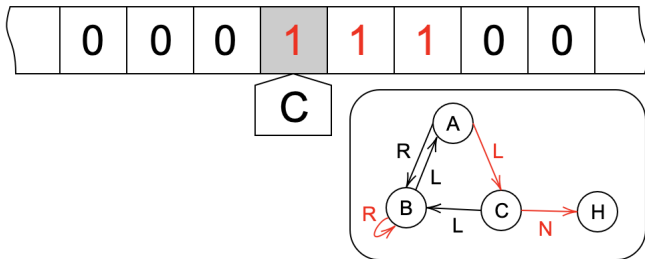
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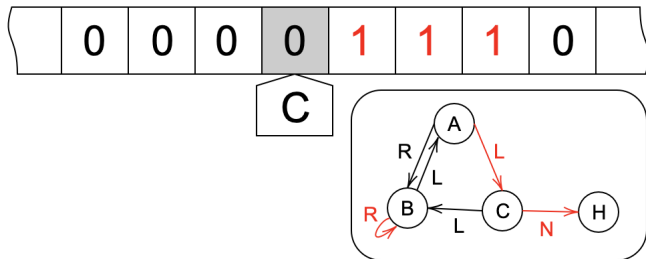
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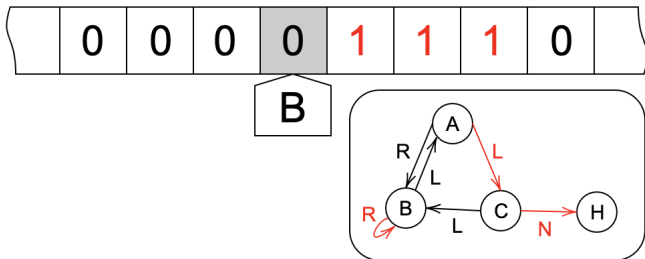
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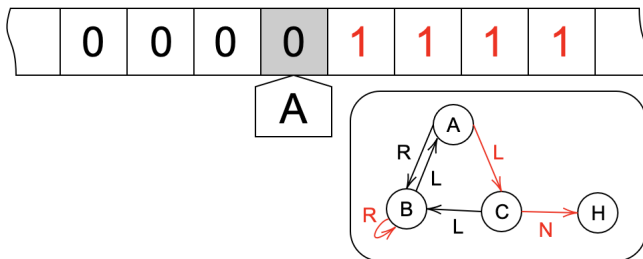
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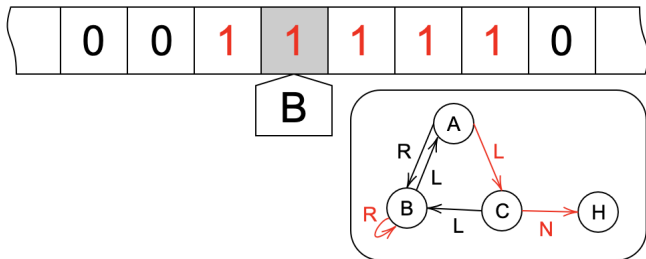
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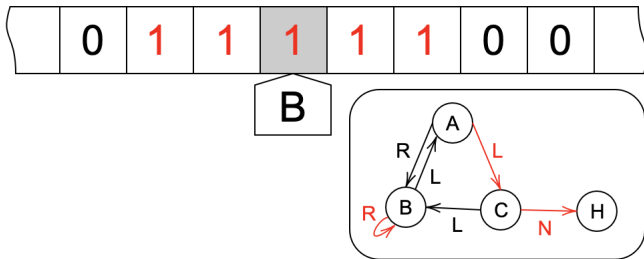
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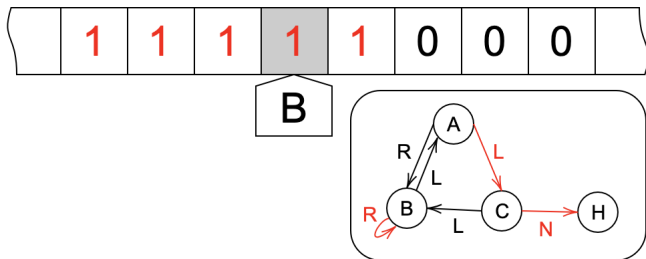
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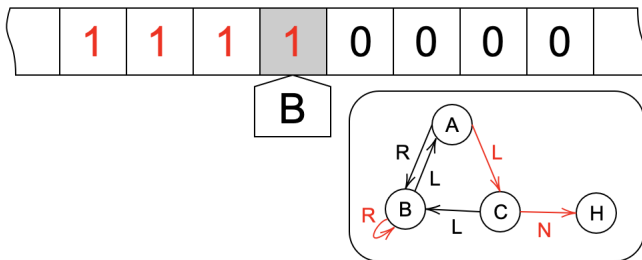
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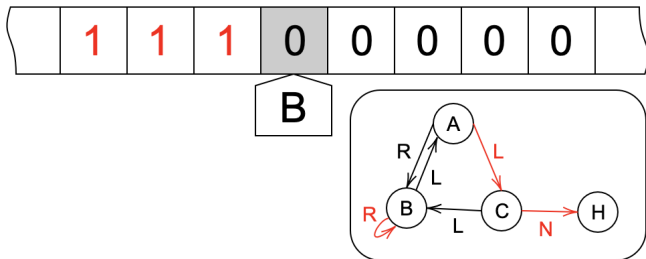
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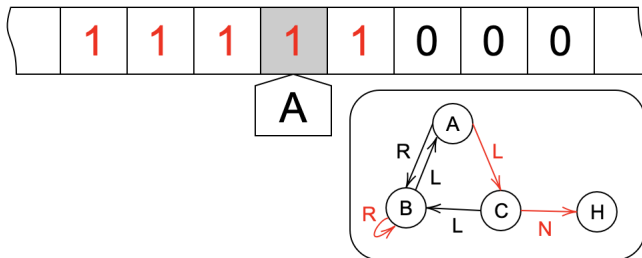
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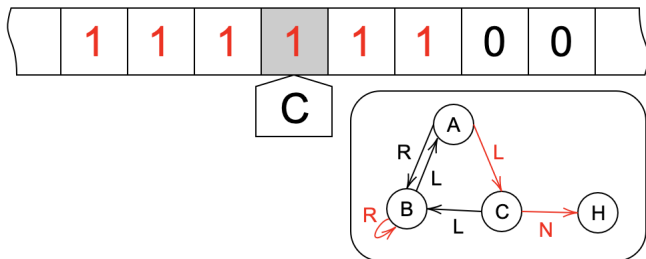
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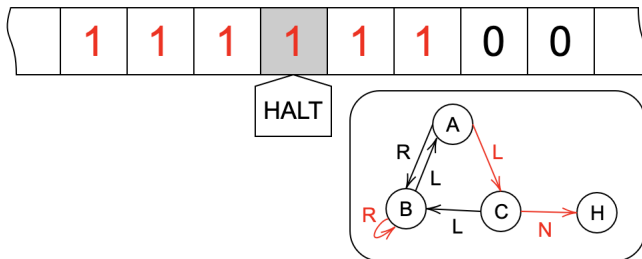
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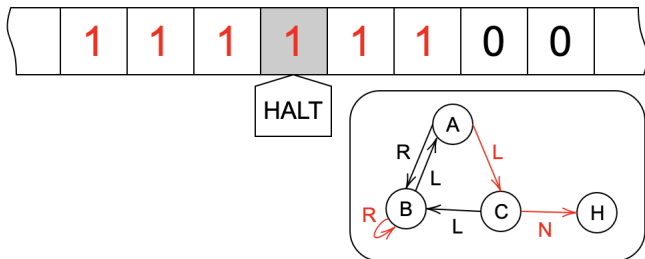
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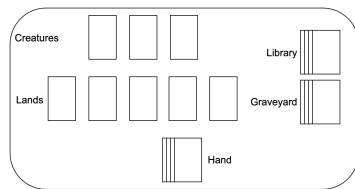
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This is known as a 3-state *busy beaver*.

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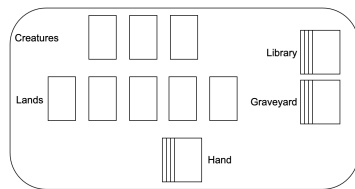
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During a turn, players can play a range of cards, including *lands* (which generate *mana*, the main resource in MTG), *creatures* (which remain on the field and do battle), and other *spells* which have a variety of effects.

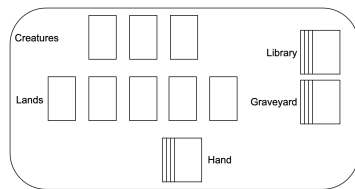


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When a card is removed from the field (e.g. a creature dies), it moves to the *graveyard* and is out of play.



# Creature Cards

Creatures are *permanents*, that is they stay on the field after they are cast.



## Sorcery Cards

Sorceries are spells that have an immediate effect when cast, and are removed from play once their effect resolves.





# Computability Concerns

The issue of computability immediately arises. Consider the following situation: each player controls **Lich**, **Transcendence**, and **Laboratory Maniac**.



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One player then casts **Menacing Ogre**.



# Forced Moves

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For this reason, the Turing machine will be constructed so that execution happens using forced moves only, so that a player can't decide to stop performing the computation simply because they feel like it.

# Constructing the Turing Machine

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We will be constructing the “Rogozhin (2, 18) universal Turing machine”, which is able to encode any Turing machine using 2 states and 18 symbols (this is complicated and I don't fully understand the details, but we'll go along with it).

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MTG has no concept of adjacency. All creatures in play are simply lumped together into a multiset (or bag). This presents a problem — how do we encode the position of cells with respect to the head?

# Tape

We do this by using colours to represent which side of the head a cell is on (white for left, green for right), and power/toughness to represent distance from the head.



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These tokens will be controlled by Rupert, except for the most recently created token which will be controlled by Gary.

# Head

Reading the current cell will be done by Gary casting **Infest**.



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This will kill the unique 2/2 token (the current cell), “reading” it. The state register will detect this, and create a new 2/2 token, “writing” a new symbol to the cell.

# State Table

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**Rotlung Reanimator** will be used to keep the current state, and **Xathrid Necromancer** to change state (i.e. the “tapped” state of the tokens).



# State Table

We can edit the card text of **Rotlung Reanimator** and **Xathrid Necromancer** using **Artificial Evolution** and **Glamerdye**.



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This effectively means we have cards that say “If <creature type 1> dies, create a 2/2 <colour> <creature type 2>”, which encode both the write and move steps in the state table.

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We grant phasing to creatures by using **Cloak of Invisibility**.



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- 5 Rupert does nothing

## Initial State

At the start of a computation step, Gary has one card in his hand, **Infest**. His library consists of **Cleansing Beam**, **Coalition Victory**, and **Soul Snuffers** in order.

## Initial State

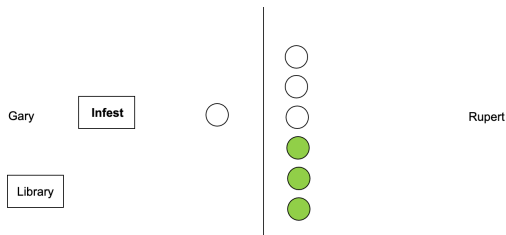
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## Casting Spells

Rupert controls **Wild Evocation**, which forces Gary to play the only card in his hand.

Gary controls **Wheel of Sun and Moon**, which causes these cards to be recycled into his library. After Gary plays his card, he draws the next one in his library.



There are cards in play preventing players from taking any other action.

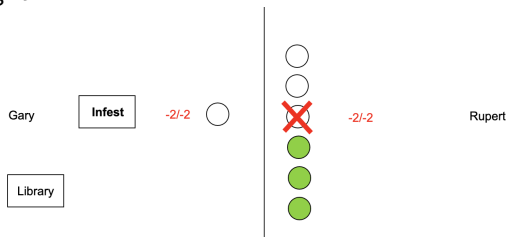
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Gary is forced to cast **Infest**, performing the read/write step. The new token's colour represents the direction the tape will move — white for left and green for right.



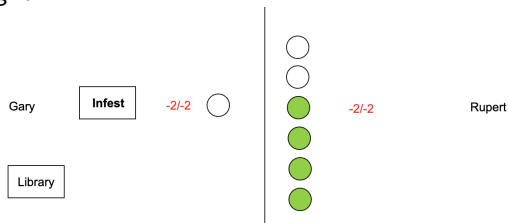
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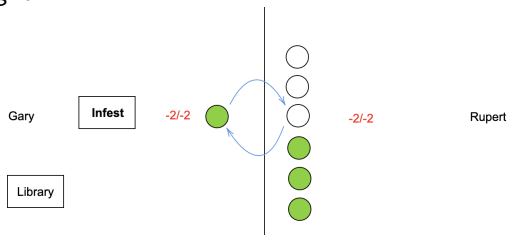
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Gary controls **Illusory Gains**, which causes Gary to take control of the current cell and Rupert to take control of Gary's previous token.

## Turn 2

Gary is forced to cast **Cleansing Beam**. There are cards in play to force Gary to target his own token (the current cell). Both players control **Vigor**, which instead *adds* power/toughness whenever damage is dealt.



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Gary

Cleansing Beam

+2/+2



Library



+2/+2

Rupert

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If the state table determines that we are changing states, the token that is sent to Gary in Turn 1 is *tapped*. At the beginning of each turn, all tapped cards are *untapped*.

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**Mesmeric Orb** causes **Coalition Victory** to be skipped! This shortens the number of turns in a computational step by one, changing the state.



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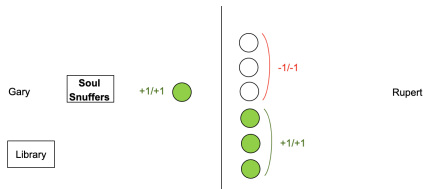
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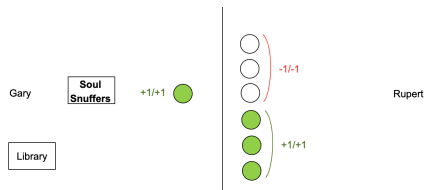
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We have completed one computational step. **Infest** is now in Gary's hand, and we are ready to start the next step.

# Halting

Halting in this  $(2, 18)$  UTM is given by reading a certain symbol in a certain state. This is encoded by the state table (i.e. **Rotlung Reanimator**), and will result in a token being created with a specific colour and type (blue Assassin).

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If the machine does not halt, the game will be in an unbreakable deterministic infinite loop, which is a draw by rule.



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We simply mark the ends of the tape with unused token types, and detect when they are read. A similar process to writing cells normally can be followed to create a new cell (i.e. with a **Rotlung Reanimator**).

# Tournament Legal Deck

This is the full tournament-legal deck of cards.

Card	Purpose	Card	Purpose	Card	Purpose
4 Ancient Tomb	Bootstrap	1 Rotlung Reanimator	Logic processing	1 Xathrid Necromancer	Change state
4 Lotus Petal	Bootstrap	1 Cloak of Invisibility	Logic processing	1 Mesmeric Orb	Change state
4 Grim Monolith	Infinite mana device	1 Infest	Logic processing	1 Coalition Victory	Halting device
4 Power Artifact	Infinite mana device	1 Cleansing Beam	Logic processing	1 Prismatic Omen	Halting device
4 Gemstone Array	Infinite mana device	1 Soul Snuffers	Logic processing	1 Choke	Halting device
4 Staff of Domination	Draw rest of deck	1 Illusory Gains	Logic processing	1 Recycle	Remove choices
1 Memnarch	Make token copies	1 Privileged Position	Logic processing	1 Blazing Archon	Remove choices
1 Stolen Identity	Make token copies	1 Steely Resolve	Logic processing	1 Djinn Illuminatus	Simplify setup
1 Artificial Evolution	Edit cards	1 Vigor	Logic processing	1 Reito Lantern	Simplify setup
1 Olivia Voldaren	Edit cards	1 Fungus Sliver	Logic processing	1 Claws of Gix	Simplify setup
1 Glamerdye	Edit cards	1 Dread of Night	Logic processing	1 Riptide Replicator	Set up tape
1 Prismatic Lace	Edit cards	1 Wild Evocation	Forced play device	1 Capsize	Set up tape
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This deck costs about US\$2300 (unofficially).

# References

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